

RELATION between DUAL COMPLEXES and NON-ARCHIMEDEAN GEOMETRY

References

survey Nicaise, 2014, Berkovich skeleta and birational geometry

→ Mustata - Nicaise, 2015

Weight functions on NA analytic spaces and
Kontsevich - Soibelman skeleton

→ Nicaise - Xu, 2016

The essential skeleton of a degeneration of alg. varieties

de Fernex - Kollár - Xu, 2017

The dual complex of singularities

App¹ Brown - Mazzon, 2019

The essential skeleton of a product of degenerations

Nicaise - Xu - Yu, 2019, The NA SYZ fibration

App² } Y. Li, 2020 (arxiv) Metric SYZ conjecture and NA geometry

Mazzon - Pille-Schneider, 2021 (arxiv)

Toric geometry and integral affine structures
in NA mirror symmetry

Setting • $\mathcal{C}$ smooth algebraic curve, $0 \in \mathcal{C}$, over $\mathbb{C}$
 $C = \mathcal{C} \setminus \{0\}$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{O}}_{\mathcal{C},0} \simeq \mathbb{C}[[t]] =: R, \quad K := \mathbb{C}((t))$$

X/C smooth algebraic variety over C
 X_K base change to K

- $\mathcal{X}/\mathcal{C}$ dlt model of X/C
 if $\mathcal{X}_C \simeq X$
 $\mathcal{X}$ normal projective
 $(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{X}_0, \text{red})$ is dlt

Non-archimedean - Part I

Idea: $\underline{X_K^{\text{an}}} \supset \underline{SK(\mathcal{X})} \simeq \underline{D(\mathcal{X}_0)}$ where $(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{X}_0)$
 one pair
 $\mathcal{X}$ model of X_K

$$i) \quad X_K^{\text{an}} := \left\{ x = (\zeta_x, v_x) \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \zeta_x \in X_K \text{ point} \\ v_x: K(\zeta_x)^\times \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ valuation} \\ \text{residue field of } X_K \text{ at } \zeta_x \\ \text{such that } v_x \text{ extends } v_K = \text{ord}_t \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\iota: X_K^{\text{an}} \longrightarrow X \quad \text{forgetful map} \\ x \longmapsto \zeta_x$$

$$z: X_K^{\text{an}} \longrightarrow X_K \quad x = (\Sigma_x, v_x) \longmapsto \Sigma_x$$

topology: weakest such that

$$v(f): z^{-1}(U) \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad \text{is continuous}$$

$$x \longmapsto v_x(f)$$

for any $f \in \mathcal{O}_X(U)$, $U \in X_K$ Zariski open

$$X_K^{\text{an}} \supset X_K^{\text{biv}}$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\{v_x: k(X)^{\times} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \mid \text{extending } v_K\} = z^{-1}(\eta_X)$$

generic pt of X_K

birational invariant
of X_K

$$2) \quad D(\mathcal{X}_0) \longrightarrow X_K^{\text{biv}} \subset X_K^{\text{an}} \quad \mathcal{X}_0 = \sum E_i$$

$$v_i \longmapsto \text{ord}_{E_i}$$

$$\downarrow$$

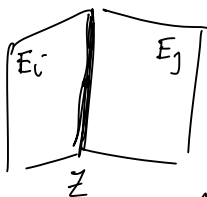
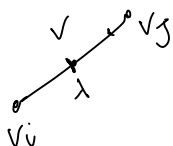
$$E_i$$

$$v \in \langle v_i, v_j \rangle \longmapsto$$

minimal valuation on $\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{X}, \eta_Z}$
 z_i, z_j local equations of E_i, E_j at η_Z

$$\text{s.t. } v_{\min}(z_i) = \lambda$$

$$v_{\min}(z_j) = 1 - \lambda$$



$$t = u \cdot z_i z_j \text{ at } \eta_Z$$

$$1 = v_K(t) = \underbrace{v(z_i)}_{\min} + v_{\min}(z_j)$$

$$Z \subseteq E_i \cap E_j \subseteq \mathcal{X}_0$$

$$D(\mathcal{K}_0) \simeq \underset{\substack{\text{skeleton} \\ \text{of } \mathcal{K}}}{\text{Sk}(\mathcal{K})} \hookrightarrow X_{\mathcal{K}}^{\text{biv}} \subset X_{\mathcal{K}}^{\text{an}}$$

$$3) \quad p_{\mathcal{K}} : X_{\mathcal{K}}^{\text{an}} \longrightarrow \text{Sk}(\mathcal{K})$$

retraction

- center of $x \in X_{\mathcal{K}}^{\text{an}}$
 $\parallel$
 (ξ_x, v_x)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \xi_x & \\ \boxed{\text{Spec } K(\xi_x) \longrightarrow X} & & \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \boxed{\text{Spec } K(\xi_x)^{\circ} \longrightarrow \mathcal{K}} & & \end{array}$$

valuation
ring of $K(\xi_x)$
w/ v_x

$$m_x \longmapsto c_x(v) \in \mathcal{K}_0$$

- $v \in X_{\mathcal{K}}^{\text{an}} \quad p_{\mathcal{K}}(v) \in \text{Sk}(\mathcal{K}) \simeq D(\mathcal{K}_0)$

$$v \rightsquigarrow c_{\mathcal{K}}(v) \in \mathcal{K}_0$$

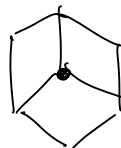
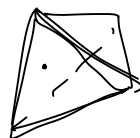
minimal
skeleton $\tilde{Z}$ of $\mathcal{K}_0$

$$\bigcap_{i=1}^n E_i$$

$$\Rightarrow p_{\mathcal{K}}(v) \in \bar{\sigma}_{\tilde{Z}}$$

$$p_{\mathcal{K}}(v)(z_i) = v(z_i)$$

local equations of E_i at $c_{\mathcal{K}}(v)$



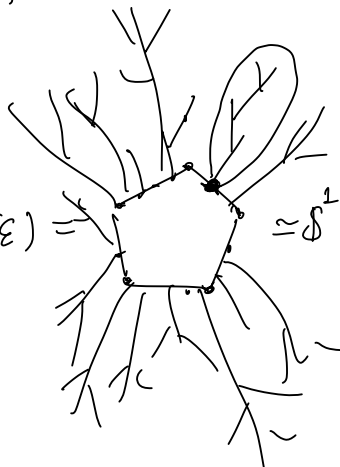
$$4) \quad X_K^{\text{an}} \xrightarrow{p_K} \varprojlim_{K \text{ snc}} \text{Sk}(K) \quad \text{is homeomorphism}$$

Example: E_K elliptic curve

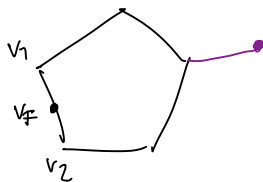
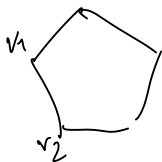
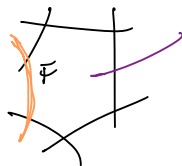
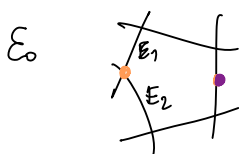
E snc model s.t. $E_0 =$



E_K^{an}



$$D(E_0) \simeq \text{Sk}(E) \simeq \mathbb{S}^1$$



$$\rho_E : E_K^{\text{an}} \longrightarrow \text{Sk}(E) \simeq \mathbb{S}^1$$

Essential skeleton

1) [Nicaise-Xu, Thm 2.3.6]:

X/C has a good minimal dlt model $\iff K_X$ semi-ample

||

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{K} \text{ dlt model of } X/C \\ \mathcal{K} \text{ is } \mathbb{Q}\text{-factorial} \\ K_{\mathcal{K}} + K_{0,\text{red}} \text{ semiample over } C \end{array} \right.$

2) Any two good minimal dlt models $\mathcal{K}_1, \mathcal{K}_2$ are crepant birational

2) $\Rightarrow$ by [Proposition 11, LF-X]
 $SK(\mathcal{K}_1) \simeq SK(\mathcal{K}_2)$
PL-homeomorphism

Defn: For X/C with K_X semi-ample, we define

$$SK(X) := SK(\mathcal{K}_{\min})$$

w/ $\mathcal{K}_{\min}$ any good minimal dlt model of X

$$X_K^{\text{an}} \supset X_K^{\text{bir}} \supset SK(\mathcal{K}) \quad \mathcal{K} \text{ snc}$$

U

$SK(X)$ essential skeleton
(birational invariant of X)

Non-archimedean - Part II

K_X semi-ample

$\omega \in H^0(X, K_X^{\otimes m})$ non-zero

$wt_\omega: X_K^{an} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \cup \{+\infty\}$ weight function

• $v_E = (X, E)$ $wt_\omega(v_E) = v_E \left(\underbrace{\operatorname{div}_X(\omega)}_{\uparrow} + m \underbrace{\chi_{0,red}}_{\text{see } \omega \text{ as a rational section of } K_X \text{ in } X} \right)$
 $v \in SK(X)$

see ω as a rational section of K_X in X

[Mustata - Nicaise, Prop 4.3.4],
 wt_ω well-defined

• $v_E = (X, E)$
 y snc model

$p_y: X_K^{an} \rightarrow SK(y)$
 $v_E \quad p_y(v_E)$

$wt_\omega(v_E) \geq wt_\omega(p_y(v_E))$
with equality iff $v_E \in SK(y)$

• $v \in X_K^{an}$ $wt_\omega(v) := \sup_x \{ wt_\omega(p_x(v)) \}$

defn: $SK(X, \omega) = \{ v \in X_K^{an} \mid wt_\omega(v) \text{ is minimal} \}$
kontinuierliche
Soibelman
skeleton $\rightarrow$ $\cap$
 $SK(X)$ any X snc model

defn: $Sk^{ess}(X) := \bigcup_{\substack{\omega \text{ non-} \\ \text{zero}}} Sk(X, \omega) \subset Sk(X) \subset X_K^{br}$
 replace pluricanonical locus

[Theorem 3.3.3, Viehweg-Zu]:

If K_X semiample

$$\boxed{\underset{\substack{|| \\ Sk(X_{min}) \\ X_{min} \text{ good minimal dlt}}}{Sk(X)}} = \underset{\substack{|| \\ \bigcup Sk(X, \omega) \\ \omega}}{Sk^{ess}(X)}$$

Applications

I) Dual complex of dlt degenerations

S K3 surface, $K_S \sim \mathcal{O}_S$

$$Hilb^n(S) \sim S^{(n)} = S^n / \sigma_n$$

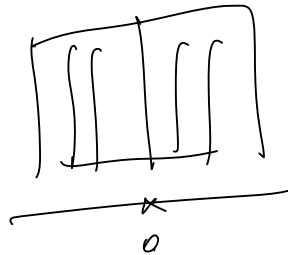
$$Sk^{ess}(Hilb^n(S)) = Sk^{ess}(S^n / \sigma_n) \simeq Sk^{ess}(S)^n / \sigma_n$$

[Brown-Mazzon]
 PL-homeomorphism

$$Sk^{ess}(\text{Hilb}^n(S)) \simeq Sk^{ess}(S)^n / \sigma_n$$

$$= \begin{cases} pt & \text{if } Sk^{ess}(S) = pt \quad \text{type I} \\ \Delta_n & \text{if } Sk^{ess}(S) = [0, 1] \quad \text{type II} \\ \mathbb{CP}^n & \text{if } Sk^{ess}(S) = S^2 = \mathbb{CP}^1 \quad \text{type III} \end{cases}$$

$$S/C \quad C = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$$



Rmk: [Kollár-Lazarsocce-Voisin] : Degeneration of K3 manifolds

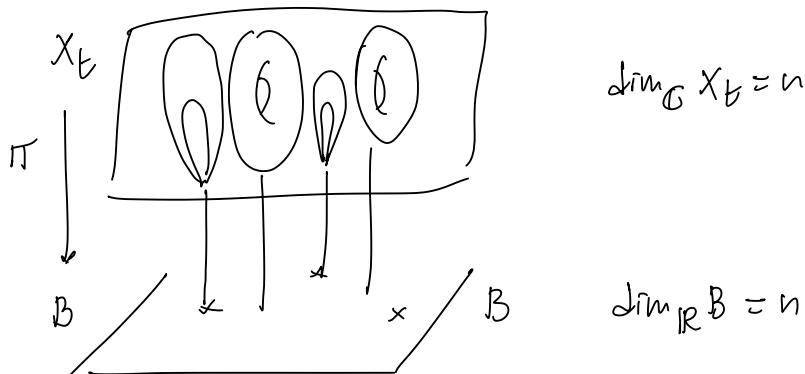
II) SYZ conjecture

$X/\Delta^* \subset \mathbb{C}$ max degenerate family of CY varieties of dim n

$$X/\Delta \quad \dim_{\mathbb{R}} D(X_0) = \dim_{\mathbb{C}} X_t = n$$



SYZ conj: For $0 < |t| < 1$, X_t admits a map $\pi: X_t \rightarrow B$ which is a special Lagrangian torus fibration away from a locus of $\text{codim} \geq 2$ in B



[Niceise-Xu-Yu, Thm 6.1]

Let π be a good minimal dlt of X_k

Then $\pi|_{X_k^{\text{an}}} \rightarrow \text{Sk}(X)$ is an affinoid torus fibration away from a locus of $\text{codim} \geq 2$ in $\text{Sk}(X)$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & & z_1, \dots, z_n \\
 X_k^{\text{an}} & & (\mathbb{G}_m^n)^{\text{an}} \\
 \pi \downarrow & \text{locally isomorphic} & \text{trop} \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\
 \text{Sk}(X) & & \mathbb{R}^n \quad (v(z_i))
 \end{array}$$

Rmk: Yang Li;
up to a NA conjecture about f_X ,
SYZ conjecture hold on the generic
region of X_t (metrically)

work in progress

Jonsson - M. - McCleary:

NA conjecture holds for CY hypersurface in $\mathbb{P}^n$